

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Vulcol

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product code None.

Synonyms None.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Adhesives

Substance/Preparation

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company/UndertakingHabasit AGIdentificationRömerstrasse 1

4153 Reinach/BL 061 715 15 15 info@habasit.ch

1.4. Emergency telephone

number

+41 (0)44 251 51 51 (Tox Center)

Issuing date 25.03.2015

Version 01.1 (Previous versions: 24.07.2014)

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (GHS/CLP) Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2, H315

Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cat. 2, H319

Germ cell mutagenicity, Cat. 2, H341 Reproductive toxicity, Cat. 2 (d), H361

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Cat. 2, H373

Aspiration hazard, Cat. 1, H304

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure, narcotic effects),

Cat. 3, H336

Flammable liquids, Cat. 2, H225

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

F; R11

Repr. Cat. 3; R63

Xn; R65 R66 R67

Muta. Cat. 3; R68 Xi; R36/38 Xn; R48/20

Additional information

For the full text of the phrases mentioned in this Section, see

Section 16.

2.2. Label elements







Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects. H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Precautionary statements

P260v: Do not breathe vapour.

P280: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

P210b: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P314: Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

Additional advice

None.

GHS product identifier

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone, CAS-No. 78-93-3, EC-No. 201-159-

0

toluene, CAS-No. 108-88-3, EC-No. 203-625-9

Labelling according to Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC





F - Highly flammable. Xn - Harmful.

R-phrase(s) R11: Highly flammable.

R63: Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R68: Possible risk of irreversible effects. R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin.

R48/20: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by

prolonged exposure through inhalation.

S-phrase(s) S16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S24: Avoid contact with skin.

S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

S38: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

S53: Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. S62: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice

immediately and show this container or label.

S36/37: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

Hazardous component(s) which must be listed on the label

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone, CAS-No. 78-93-3, EC-No. 201-

159-0

toluene, CAS-No. 108-88-3, EC-No. 203-625-9

phenol; carbolic acid; monohydroxybenzene; phenylalcohol,

CAS-No. 108-95-2, EC-No. 203-632-7

2.3. Other hazards None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical characterization

Adhesive on solvent basis.

| Components | | CLP Classification | DSD/DPD Classification | Product identifier |
|--|--------------|---|--|--|
| ethyl acetate | 10% - 25% | Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, Flam. Liq. 2 H225, EUH066 | F,Xi; R-11-36-66-67 | CAS-No.: 141-78-6 EC-No.: 205-500-4 Index-No: 607-022-00-5 |
| butanone; ethyl methyl ketone | 25% - 50% | Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, Flam. Liq. 2 H225, EUH066 | F,Xi; R-11-36-66-67 | CAS-No.: 78-93-3 EC-No.: 201-159-0 Index-No: 606-002-00-3 |
| toluene | 10% - 25% | Repr. 2 H361 (d), Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Flam. Liq. 2 H225 | F,Xn; R-11-38-48/20-63- 65-67 | CAS-No.: 108-88-3 EC-No.: 203-625-9 Index-No: 601-021-00-3 |
| Phenol Formaldehyd Harz | 5% - 10% | | | CAS-No.: 9003-35-4 |
| Formaldehyde | < 0.1% | Carc. 1B H350, Muta. 2 H341, Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Skin Sens. 1 H317 [CSk1B: $C \ge 25\%$ CSk2: 5 % ≤ $C < 25\%$ CEy2: 5 % ≤ $C < 25\%$ SSEIn3: $C \ge 5$ % SensSk1: $C \ge 0,2\%$], Notes B D | T; R-23/24/25-34-43-45-68, Notes B D [C >= 25 % \ T; R-23/24/25-34-43-45-68 5 % <= C < 25 % \ Xn; R-20/21/22-36/37/38-43-45-68 1 % <= C < 5 % \ Xn; R-43-45-68 0,2 % <= C < 1 % \ Xi; R-43-45 0,1 % <= C < 0,2 % \ Xi; R-45] | CAS-No.: 50-00-0 EC-No.: 200-001-8 Index-No: 605-001-00-5 |
| phenol; carbolic acid; monohydroxybenzene; phenylalcohol | 1% - 2.5% | Muta. 2 H341, Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H301, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Corr. 1B H314 [CSk1B: $C \ge 3\%$ CSk2: 1 $\% \le C < 3\%$ CEy2: 1 $\% \le C < 3\%$] | T,C; R-23/24/25-34- 48/20/21/22-68 [C >= 10 % \ T; R- 23/24/25-48/20/21/22-34- 68 3 % <= C < 10 % \ C,Xn; R-20/21/22-34-68 1 % <= C < 3 % \ Xn; R- 36/38-68] | CAS-No.: 108-95-2 EC-No.: 203-632-7 Index-No: 604-001-00-2 |

For the full text of the phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Hazardous impurities

None known.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing

all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a

physician.

Eye contact In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of

water and seek medical advice.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Headache. Dizziness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None known.

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5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing mediaUse water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for

firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Specific methods Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water

or the ground water system. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local

regulations.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency Ensur

personnel

Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of

spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition.

Advice for emergency

responders

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Vapours are heavier than air and

may spread along floors.

6.2. Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering surface water or sewage.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface

thoroughly.

6.4. Reference to other sections See chapter 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Wear personal protective equipment. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery. Do not breathe vapours/dust. Wash hands and exposed skin before eating, drinking or smoking and after work. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store together with food.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use only in accordance with our recommendations.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limit(s)

Even in case of a full release, due to the small amount of substances present, it is not expected that exposure limits will be reached.

However it is the duty of the user to verify this and follow given exposure limits at the workplace.

Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of

local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Ethyl acetate (CAS 141-78-6)

United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - STELs United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - TWAs

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

EU - Occupational Exposure (2000/39/EC) - First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure

Limit Values - TWAs EU - Occupational Exposure

(2000/39/EC) - First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure

Limit Values - STELs

United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - STELs United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - TWAs

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

EU - Occupational Exposure (2006/15/EC) - Second List of Indicative Occupational Exposure

Limit Values - TWAs

EU - Occupational Exposure (2006/15/EC) - Second List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values - STELs

400 ppm STEL

200 ppm TWA

200 ppm TWA 600 mg/m3 TWA

300 ppm STEL 900 mg/m3 STEL

300 ppm STEL 899 mg/m3 STEL 200 ppm TWA 600 mg/m3 TWA

50 ppm TWA 192 mg/m3 TWA

100 ppm STEL 384 mg/m3 STEL United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - STELs United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - TWAs Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - STELs United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - TWAs

Phenol (CAS 108-95-2)

EU - Occupational Exposure (2009/161/EU) - Third List of Indicative Occupational Exposure

Limit Values - STELs

EU - Occupational Exposure (2009/161/EU) - Third List of Indicative Occupational Exposure

Limit Values - TWAs

United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - STELs United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - TWAs 100 ppm STEL 384 mg/m3 STEL 50 ppm TWA 191 mg/m3 TWA

2 ppm STEL 2.5 mg/m3 STEL 2 ppm TWA 2.5 mg/m3 TWA

4 ppm STEL 16 mg/m3 STEL

2 ppm TWA 8 mg/m3 TWA

4 ppm STEL 16 mg/m3 STEL 2 ppm TWA 7.8 mg/m3 TWA

8.2. Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection In case of good ventilation no personal respiratory protective

equipment required. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. Suitable respiratory equipment: ABEK-filter

ABEK-P3-filter Respirator with filter for organic vapour

Hand protection Protective gloves complying with EN 374. Gloves made of Butyl. Be

aware that in daily use the durability of a chemical resistant

protective glove can be notably shorter than the break through time measured according to EN 374, due to the numerous outside influences (e.g. temperature). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Do not wear leather gloves. Do not wear cotton gloves.

Eye protection Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Thermal hazards No special measures required.

Environmental exposure controls Dispose of waste or used sacks/containers according to local

regulations.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Viscous. Form Colour Dark amber. Odour Solvent.

Odour Threshold No information available. pH: No information available. Melting point/range: No information available.

76℃ **Boiling point/range:** Flash point: -1 °C

Evaporation Rate: No information available. Flammability: No information available. **Explosion limits:** 11,5%v/v - 1.2%v/v Vapour pressure: 105 mbar (20°C) Vapor density:

No information available.

Relative density: 0.9 g/cm3 (20°C)

Water solubility: No information available. Partition coefficient (n-No information available.

octanol/water):

Autoignition temperature: No information available. **Decomposition temperature:** No information available.

Viscosity: 10 Pas (20°C) Combustion/explosion hazards: liquid, flammable

Oxidizing properties: None

9.2. Other information

General Product Characteristics no data available

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.2. Chemical stability Stable up to approximately 75 °C.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition

products

None reasonably foreseeable.

11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Information given is based on data on the components and the

toxicology of similar products. Ethyl acetate (CAS 141-78-6)

Inhalation LC50 Mouse = 1500 ppm 4 h(NZ_CCID) Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 18000 mg/kg (JAPAN GHS)

Oral LD50 Rat = 5620 mg/kg (IUCLID) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 5000 mg/kg (JAPAN_GHS) Inhalation LC50 Rat = 11700 ppm 4 h(JAPAN_GHS) Oral LD50 Rat = 2483 mg/kg (JAPAN GHS)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 12000 mg/kg (JAPAN_GHS) Inhalation LC50 Rat = 12.5 mg/L 4 h(JAPAN_GHS) Oral LD50 Rat = 2600 mg/kg (JAPAN_GHS)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 270 mg/kg (NLM_CIP) Inhalation LC50 Rat = 0.578 mg/L 4 h(NLM_CIP) Oral LD50 Rat = 600 mg/kg (JAPAN GHS)

Phenol (CAS 108-95-2)

Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 630 mg/kg (NLM_CIP)
Oral LD50 Rat = 340 mg/kg (JAPAN_GHS)

Skin corrosion/irritation Moderate skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Irritating to eyes.

Respiratory / Skin Sensitisation None.

Carcinogenicity Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen.

Germ cell mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity

(single exposure)

Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity

(repeated exposure)

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause

damage.

Human experience No data available.

Information on likely routes of

exposure

Skin contact. Inhalation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Vertigo Drowsiness Causes headache, drowsiness or other effects to the central nervous system. Risk of explosion if heated under

confinement.

12. Ecological information

| 12.1. Toxicity | No data is available on the product itself. |
|---|---|
| Ethyl acetate (CAS 141-78-6) Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish - Acute Toxicity Data Ecotoxicity - Water Flea - Acute Toxicity Data | 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas: 220 - 250 mg/L [flow-through] 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 484 mg/L [flow-through] 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 352 - 500 mg/L [semi-static] 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna: 560 mg/L [Static] |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish - Acute Toxicity Data | 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas: 3130 - 3320 mg/L [flow-through] |
| Ecotoxicity - Water Flea - Acute Toxicity Data | 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna: >520 mg/L 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna: 5091 mg/L 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna: 4025 - 6440 mg/L [Static] |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish - Acute Toxicity Data | 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas: 15.22 - 19.05 mg/L [flow-through] (1 day old) 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas: 12.6 mg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L [flow-through] 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 14.1 - 17.16 mg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.8 mg/L [semi-static] 96 h LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Oryzias latipes: 54 mg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 28.2 mg/L [semi-static] 96 h LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 50.87 - 70.34 mg/L [static] |
| Ecotoxicity - Water Flea - Acute Toxicity Data Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Algae - Acute Toxicity Data Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) EU - Ecolabel (66/2010) - Detergent Ingredient Database - Aerobic Degradation | 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static] 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna: 11.5 mg/L 96 h EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >433 mg/L 72 h EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 12.5 mg/L [static] Readily biodegradable according to OECD guidelines. |
| Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish - Acute Toxicity Data Ecotoxicity - Water Flea - Acute | 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas: 22.6 - 25.7 mg/L [flow-through] 96 h LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 1510 μg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Brachydanio rerio: 41 mg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 0.032 - 0.226 mL/L [flow-through] 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 100 - 136 mg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas: 23.2 - 29.7 mg/L [static] 48 h LC50 Daphnia magna: 2 mg/L |
| Toxicity Data Phenol (CAS 108-95-2) Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish - Acute Toxicity Data | 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna: 11.3 - 18 mg/L [Static] 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas: 11.9 - 50.5 mg/L [flow-through] 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas: 20.5 - 25.6 mg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas: 32 mg/L 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.449 - 6.789 mg/L [flow-through] 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 7.5 - 14 mg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4.23 - 7.49 mg/L [semi-static] 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.0 - 12.0 mg/L 96 h LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 13.5 mg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 11.9 - 25.3 mg/L [flow-through] |

96 h LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 11.5 mg/L [semi-static] 96 h LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 34.09 - 47.64 mg/L [static] 96 h LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 31 mg/L [semi-static]

96 h LC50 Brachydanio rerio: 27.8 mg/L

96 h LC50 Cyprinus carpio: 0.00175 mg/L [semi-static] 96 h LC50 Oryzias latipes: 33.9 - 43.3 mg/L [flow-through] 96 h LC50 Oryzias latipes: 23.4 - 36.6 mg/L [static] 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna: 4.24 - 10.7 mg/L [Static]

Ecotoxicity - Water Flea - Acute

Toxicity Data

Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Algae -

Acute Toxicity Data

48 h EC50 Daphnia magna: 10.2 - 15.5 mg/L

96 h EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 46.42 mg/L

96 h EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0.0188 - 0.1044 mg/L

[static]

72 h EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 187 - 279 mg/L [static] 56 Days LC100 Eisenia foetida: 6900 mg/kg [soil dry weight]

Ecotoxicity - Earthworm - Acute

Toxicity Data

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Partly biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This preparation contains no substance considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This preparation contains no

substance considered to be very persistent nor very

bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6. Other adverse effects no data available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and national regulations. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. 080400 - wastes from MFSU of adhesives and

sealants (including waterproofing products)

Contaminated packaging Dispose of as unused product.

14. Transport information

ADR/RID Proper shipping name ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid

> UN No 1133. Class 3.

Packing group II. ADR/RID-Labels 3. Classification code F1.

Risk No. 33.

Limited quantity 5 L. Tunnel code D/E

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IMDG Proper shipping name Adhesives containing flammable liquid

> UN No 1133. Class 3.

Packing group II. IMDG-Labels 3. Limited quantity 5 L. EmS F-E, S-D. Marine Pollutant no

IATA Proper shipping name Adhesives containing flammable liquid

UN No 1133. Class 3. IATA label 3. Packing group II.

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 353 (5 L).

Packing instruction (LQ): Y341 (1 L).

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 364 (60 L).

Further Information None.

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulatory Information None.

Ethyl acetate (CAS 141-78-6)

EU - REACH (1907/2006) - List of Present

Registered Substances

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

EU - REACH (1907/2006) - List of Present

Registered Substances Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

EU - European Pollutant Release 200 kg/yr TQ (water, as BTEX) and Transfer Register (E-PRTR) 200 kg/yr TQ (land, as BTEX)

(166/2006) - Threshold Quantities

EU - REACH (1907/2006) - Annex Use restricted. See item 48. XVII - Restrictions on Certain

Dangerous Substances

EU - REACH (1907/2006) - List of

Registered Substances

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

EU - REACH (1907/2006) - List of

Registered Substances

Phenol (CAS 108-95-2)

EU - European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (E-PRTR) (166/2006) - Threshold Quantities

EU - REACH (1907/2006) - List of

Registered Substances

20 kg/yr TQ (water, as total C) 20 kg/yr TQ (land, as total C)

Present

Present

Present

15.2. Chemical safety

assessment

Not required.

16. Other information

Revision Note This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in

section(s): 1, 2, 3, 8, 15

Key or legend to abbreviations

and acronyms

CLP: Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

(GHS/CLP)

DSD/DPD: Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or

1999/45/EC

MAK: Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration.

Key literature references and sources for data

Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Classification procedure

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC. Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 with the correlation table 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC (Annex VII of

CLP).

Full text of phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301: Toxic if swallowed.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350: May cause cancer.

H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

R11: Highly flammable.

R23/24/25: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if

swallowed.

swallowed.

R34: Causes burns.

R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin.

R36: Irritating to eyes. R38: Irritating to skin.

R48/20/21/22: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if

R48/20: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R63: Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R68: Possible risk of irreversible effects.

Training advice

The rules which cover amonast other things the requirement for ventilation, protective clothing, personal protective equipment etc. can be obtained from the National Occupational Health and Safety Board.

Further information

None.

Instructions for use

For industrial application only. Use only in accordance with our recommendations.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.